

Site Inspection Report

500 kWp Floating PV System, Banasurasagar Dam, Wayanad by Team Sustain



About Us

TeamSustain Limited is one of the world's leading Clean and Green technology solution providers. TeamSustain has completed thousands of projects since inception in 1994 in the field of Energy Efficiency, Energy Management, Solar PV, Solar Thermal, Waste to Energy, Small Wind, Sustainable Tourism, Solar/Electric Boating & Transportation Solutions, Sustainable Rural Electrification, Micro Hydro, etc. Our projects are spread across South Asian regions, USA, Middle East and African countries.

We are one of the few companies in the world to possess the expertise, knowledge and capabilities to provide solutions in all the domains of Clean and Green Energy technologies.

Several of our projects have made first-time contributions to various sectors including, tourism, commercial and residential properties & community development projects.

We have consistently won many Awards and Accolades. We have been nominated for the largest number of times for the prestigious InterSolar Awards and we have won the InterSolar Awards for the year 2014 and 2016.

With a highly skilled and committed in-house Audit team, we have successfully executed path breaking Energy Efficiency projects and offered many project consultancy services:

- HVAC and Lighting System Audit for CMC, Vellore.
- Efficiency Audit of Cement Factory for Ras AL-Khaimah Cement Factory, UAE.
- Energy Efficiency Audit, Optimization and System Design for Spice Village Resort in Thekkady
- Eco Efficiency Audit for Christian Institute of Health Sciences & Research (CIHSR), Dimapur, Nagaland
- Energy Efficiency Audit for Cochin Yacht Club
- Concept note on Transforming Chandigarh into an Eco City by 2020
- Eco Audit of the Swiss Hotel Dubai, UAE
- Eco - Efficiency Audit for Soneva Fushi, Maldives
- Consultants for Design and Engineering of 25 KW Solar Power Plant in Andaman and 100 KW Solar Power Plant in Lakshadweep Island in 1999
- Consultants for Design and Engineering of 20 KW Solar Power Plant by Central Electrochemical Research Institute (CECRI) (A Constituent Laboratory of CSIR Ministry of Science & Technology) in Karaikudi, Kerala & Tamil Nadu.
- Design & Engineering Consultants for the World's largest Solar Telecom initiative in UP, Bihar, Jharkhand & Leh totaling 60 MW of Solar PV Deployment. The project was funded by IFC, OPIC and other leading PE companies.
- MOU with UB Engineering Ltd. - a flagship company of the UB Group, to jointly execute EPC projects in Solar PV with TeamSustain providing the Domain Expertise – Design & Engineering.
- Consultants to major solar equipment manufactures in India and abroad (EMMVEE Solar India, Anu Solar, India & • GETWATT, S.Korea, OUTBACK, USA) for designing solar power solutions.

Introduction & Objective

Site Name	:	500 kWp Floating Solar Farm
Site Name & Address	:	Banasura Sagra Dam, Wayanad Kerala
Date of Visits	:	23 rd December 2017
Energy Auditors	:	Prof. Chem Nayar, TSL Sujith Rajan, TSL Naijo Dominic, TSL
Visit Hosted by	:	Mr. Ravindran, Designation & Company

A team of three Engineers from TSL made their visit to the site on 23rd December 2017 and carried out the Site Inspection.

The major objectives of the visit:

- To inspect the Floating PV system
- To do quality check of the installation
- To check the scope for remote monitoring and monthly report generation

Project Introduction

Project Location – Banasura Sagar Dam, Kerala

Banasura Sagar Dam, which impounds the Karamanathodu tributary of the Kabini River, is part of the Indian Banasurasagar Project consisting of a dam and a canal project started in 1979. The goal of the project is to support the Kakkayam Hydroelectric power project and satisfy the demand for irrigation and drinking water in a region known to have water shortages in seasonal dry periods.

Location : Wayanad,Kerala
Latitude : 11.67°N
Longitude : 75.96°E
Altitude : 2423 Ft



Climatic Data

 Month	 Air temperature	 Relative humidity	 Daily solar radiation - horizontal	 Atmospheric pressure	 Wind speed	 Earth temperature
	°C	%	kWh/m ² /d	kPa	m/s	°C
January	26	58.80%	5.83	98.3	3.8	27
February	26.3	62.40%	6.49	98.2	3	28.2
March	26.8	67.40%	6.92	98.1	3.4	29.6
April	26.5	77.00%	6.73	98	3.5	29.2
May	26.5	79.10%	5.85	97.9	4.2	28.7
June	25.8	81.90%	4.19	97.9	6.5	27.1
July	25.1	83.10%	4.26	98	6.2	26
August	24.8	83.40%	4.9	98.1	6	25.8
September	25	81.60%	5.56	98.1	4.5	26.5
October	25.3	80.10%	5.08	98.1	3.2	26.9
November	25.9	69.90%	5.12	98.2	3.5	27
December	26.2	60.20%	5.44	98.3	4.5	26.8
Annual	25.9	73.70%	5.53	98.1	4.4	27.4

The climatic data for the location from the NASA website is shown above.



Sun Trajectory at the site

Technical Specification

The 500 kWp Grid Interactive Floating Solar Power Plant in the Banasura Sagar dam, Wayanad is the first of its kind in India. The project is designed for Kerala State Electricity Board (KSEB) and the solar photovoltaic array is installed on 18 floating platforms made of Ferro cement floaters with hollow insides which are able to adapt to varying reservoir water levels by means of an innovative anchoring system. Floating solar farm floats on 6,000 square metres of water surface of the reservoir.

Each floating platforms has 114 numbers of solar panels and a 33kW solar string inverter – which converts the direct current (DC) generated by the solar panels into high quality three phase alternating current (AC).

A prefabricated steel enclosure housing HT Switchgear, 500kVA Transformer, LT Switchgear and associated equipment to form a composite compartmentalized Unitised Sub-Station was also installed on one of the floats.

There is Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system to control and monitor power generation and the power produced will be transmitted to the 11-kV line of the KSEB.

Solar Panel – Radiant Solar RS260P – 60

Maximum Peak Power, Pmax	W	260
Maximum Peak Voltage, Vmp	V	31.60
Maximum Peak Current, Imp	A	8.23
Open Circuit Voltage, Voc	V	37.73
Short Circuit Current, Isc	A	8.96
Maximum System Voltage	V	1000

String Inverter – ABB –PRO – 33.0 – TL – OUTD

Absolute Maximum DC Input voltage, Vmax_abs	V	1100
Startup DC input Voltage, Vstart	V	610
Operating DC Input Voltage Range, Vdc_min to Vdc_max	V	580 to 950
Rated DC input Voltage, Vdcr	V	580
Rated DC input Power, Pdcr	W	33700
Number of MPPT	-	1
MPPT Input DC Voltage Range, Vmppt_min to Vmppt_max at Pacr	V	580 to 850
Maximum DC Input Current, Idc_max/for each MPPT, Imppt_max	A	58
Maximum Input Short Circuit Current, Idc_max	A	80

Observations

PV Array Stringing

The PV Array Stringing was done based on the initial design with ABB TRIO 27.6-TL solar string inverter. Later the inverter was changed to ABB-PRO-33.0-TL, but the initial stringing was not changed.

Radiant Solar RS260P – 60

ABB –PRO – 33.0 – TL – OUTD

Electrical Characteristics STC	375Wp	385Wp	250Wp	160Wp
Max Peak Power, Pmax (W)	375	385	250	160
Max Peak Voltage, Vmp (V)	38.96	39.32	31.35	31.60
Max Peak Current, Imp (A)	9.63	9.82	7.92	5.23
Open Circuit Voltage, Voc (V)	47.20	47.54	37.65	37.75
Short Circuit Current, Isc (A)	10.31	10.51	8.63	5.56

Typical Maximum	33kW
Part No.	FR0-33.0-TL-G/VD
Input Side	
Absolute Maximum DC Input Voltage (V _{max})	1100V*
Start-up DC Input Voltage (V _{start})	510V
Operating DC Input Voltage Range (V _{dc, rated})	580 to 850V
Rated DC Input Voltage (V _{dc})	585V
Max DC Input Current (I _{dc max})	2*33.0A
Number of Independent MPPT	2
MPPT Input DC Voltage range (V _{mpptmin} - V _{mpptmax}) at P _{dc rated}	200 to 850V
Maximum DC Input current (I _{dc max}) /Per each MPPT	33A
Maximum input short-circuit current /Per each MPPT	50A



Out of 1938 number of 260Wp PV panels, 114 PV panels are placed in each floating platforms. 19 PV panels are connected in series and 6 such combinations are paralleled together and connected to the inverter MPPT.

Voltage

$V_{dc} = V_{oc} \times \text{Number of panels in series}$
 $V_{dc} = 37.73 \times 19$

$V_{dc} = 716.87V < 1000V (V_{dc_max})$

$V_{mppt} = V_{mp} \times \text{Number of panels in series}$
 $V_{mppt} = 31.60 \times 19$

$V_{mppt} = 600.40V < 610V (V_{start})$

Current

$I_{dc} = I_{sc} \times \text{Number of panels in parallel}$
 $I_{dc} = 8.96 \times 6$

$I_{dc} = 53.76A < 80A (I_{sc_max})$

$I_{mppt} = V_{mp} \times \text{Number of panels in parallel}$
 $I_{mppt} = 8.23 \times 6$

$I_{mppt} = 49.38A < 58A (I_{mppt_max})$

Even though the V_{mppt} Voltage of the string inverter is within the MPPT input DC voltage range, it is less than the start voltage of the inverter which will result in decrease in the energy yield.

So changing the stringing is adequate. Currently planning is on-going for increasing the number of panels to 23 numbers per strings and 5 such combinations in parallel. Total number of PV panels will be increased to 1955 numbers.

**Voltage**

$V_{dc} = V_{oc} \times \text{Number of panels in series}$
 $V_{dc} = 37.73 \times 23$

$V_{dc} = 867.79V < 1000V (V_{dc_max})$

$V_{mppt} = V_{mp} \times \text{Number of panels in series}$
 $V_{mppt} = 31.60 \times 23$

$V_{mppt} = 726.80V > 610V (V_{start})$

Current

$I_{dc} = I_{sc} \times \text{Number of panels in parallel}$
 $I_{dc} = 8.96 \times 5$

$I_{dc} = 44.8A < 80A (I_{sc_max})$

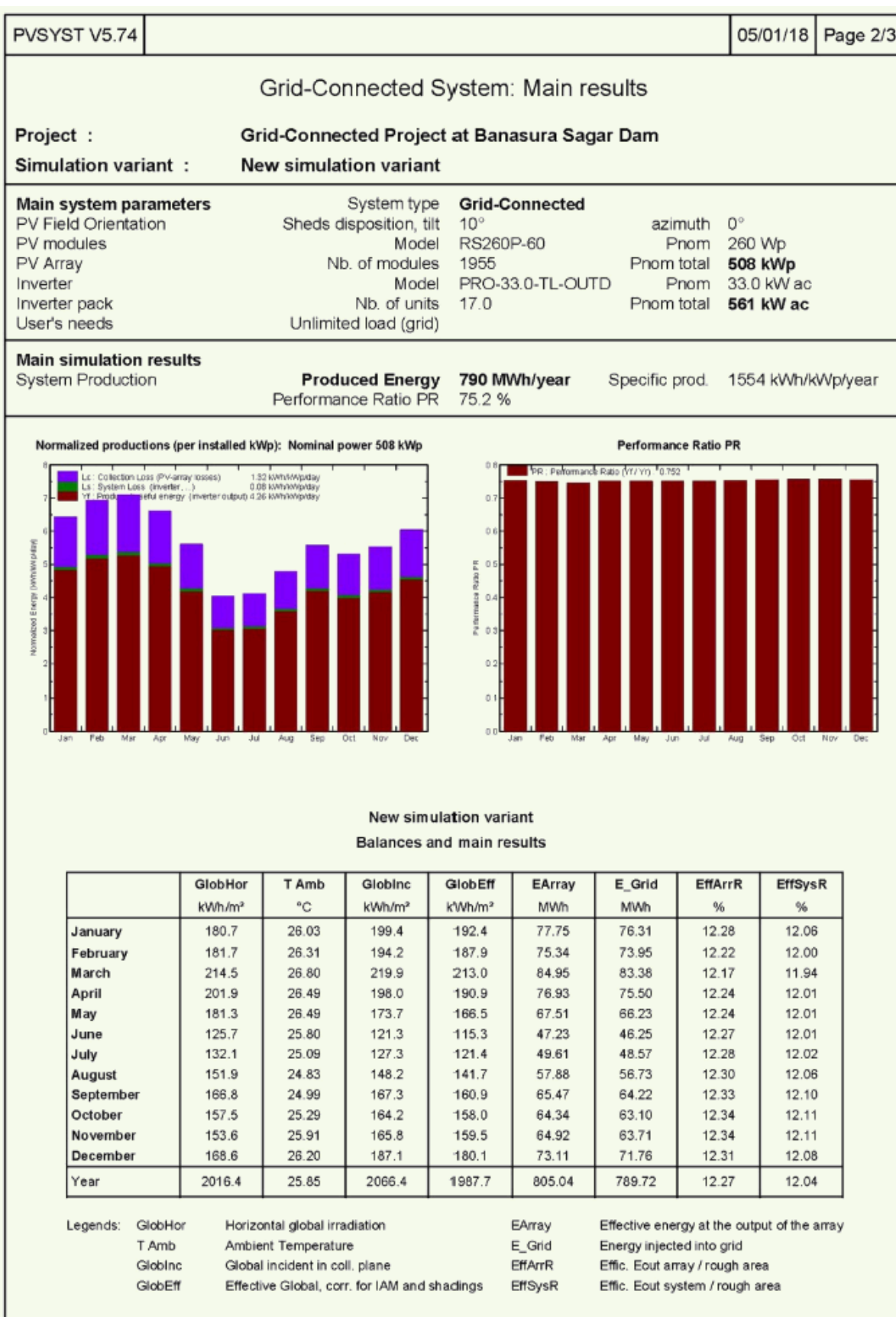
$I_{mppt} = V_{mp} \times \text{Number of panels in parallel}$
 $I_{mppt} = 8.23 \times 5$

$I_{mppt} = 41.15A < 58A (I_{mppt_max})$

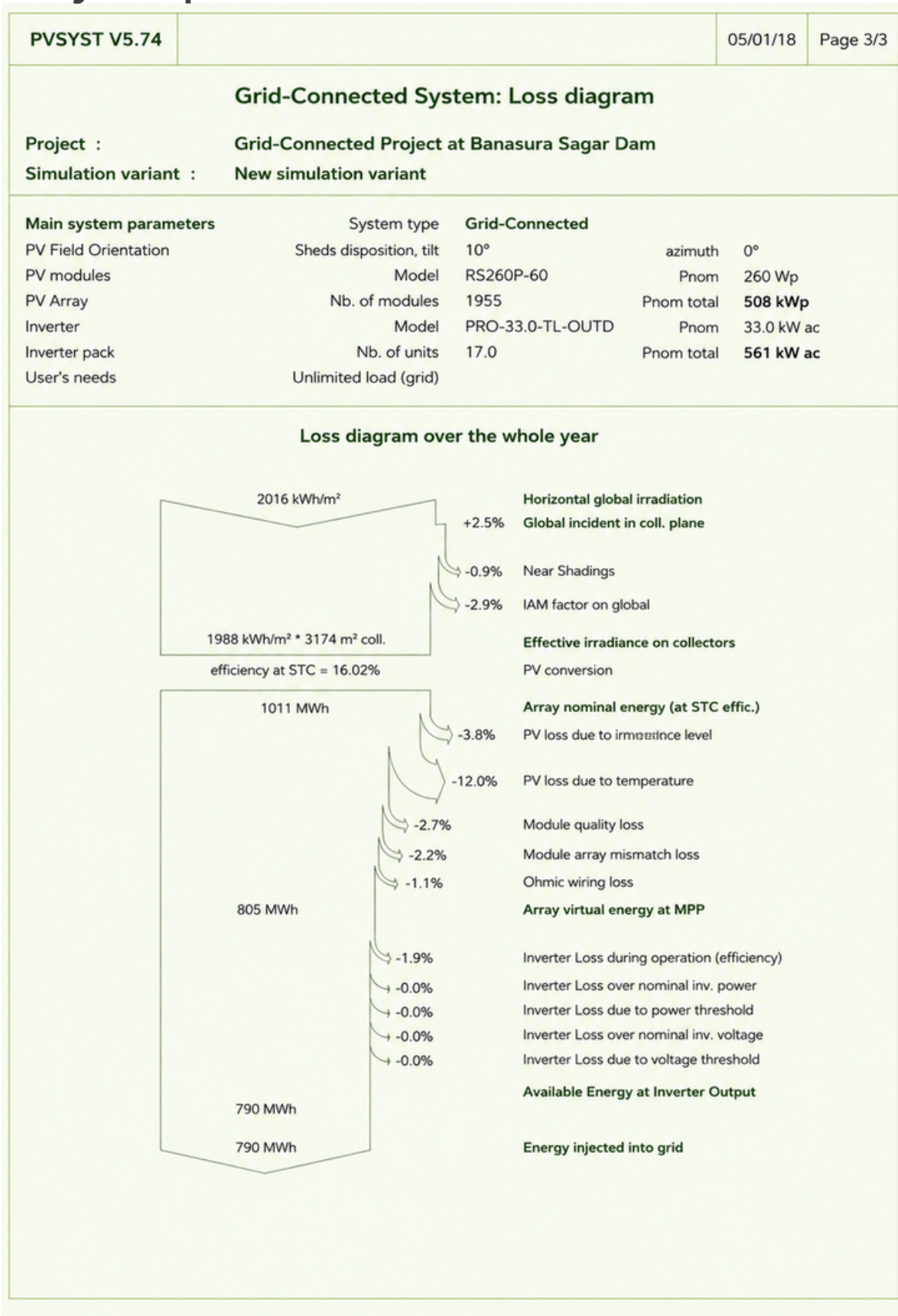
PVSyst Report

PVSYST V5.74					05/01/18	Page 1/3
Grid-Connected System: Simulation parameters						
Project :		Grid-Connected Project at Banasura Sagar Dam				
Geographical Site		Banasura Sagar Dam		Country	India	
Situation		Latitude	11.4°N	Longitude	75.6°E	
Time defined as		Legal Time	Time zone UT+6	Altitude	735 m	
		Albedo	0.20			
Meteo data :		Banasura Sagar Dam, Synthetic Hourly data				
Simulation variant :		New simulation variant				
		Simulation date	05/01/18 10h30			
Simulation parameters						
Collector Plane Orientation		Tilt	10°	Azimuth	0°	
51 Sheds		Pitch	4.00 m	Collector width	3.00 m	
Inactive band		Top	0.00 m	Bottom	0.00 m	
Shading limit angle		Gamma	26.48 °	Occupation Ratio	75.0 %	
Horizon		Free Horizon				
Near Shadings		Mutual shadings of sheds				
PV Array Characteristics						
PV module		Si-poly	Model	RS260P-60		
		Manufacturer	Radiant Solar			
Number of PV modules		In series	23 modules	In parallel	85 strings	
Total number of PV modules		In modules	1955	Unit Nom. Power	260 Wp	
Array global power		Nominal (STC)	508 kWp	At operating cond.	459 kWp (50°C)	
Array operating characteristics (50°C)		U mpp	648 V	I mpp	708 A	
Total area		Module area	3174 m²			
Inverter		Model	PRO-33.0-TL-OUTD			
		Manufacturer	ABB			
Characteristics		Operating Voltage	580-850 V	Unit Nom. Power	33.0 kW AC	
Inverter pack		Number of Inverter	17 units	Total Power	561.0 kW AC	
PV Array loss factors						
Thermal Loss factor		Uc (const)	20.0 W/m²K	Uv (wind)	0.0 W/m²K / m/s	
=> Nominal Oper. Coll. Temp. (G=800 W/m², Tamb=20°C, Wind=1 m/s.)				NOCT	56 °C	
Wiring Ohmic Loss		Global array res.	15 mOhm	Loss Fraction	1.5 % at STC	
Module Quality Loss				Loss Fraction	2.5 %	
Module Mismatch Losses				Loss Fraction	2.0 % at MPP	
Incidence effect, ASHRAE parametrization		IAM =	1 - bo (1/cos i - 1)	bo Parameter	0.05	
User's needs :		Unlimited load (grid)				

PVSyst Report



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Upkeep and Maintenance



Dust and bird droppings were noticed in almost all part of the PV array. Provision for frequent cleaning is required to keep the PV array clean and thereby ensuring maximum energy yield.

Earthing



Water earthing: Supports are provided around the floating platforms to which the earthing plate is attached. The earthing plate is placed in that portion of the floating platforms which is submerged in water.

Affecting Factors to be considered

- coefficient of parallel connection
- corrosion of electrodes
- seasonal variation

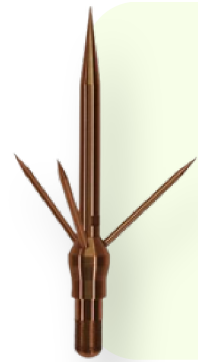
Armour earthing : During occurrence of earth faults, the metallic sheaths are expected to carry a substantial proportion of the total fault current. For safety and reliable operation, the shields and metallic sheaths of power cables must be grounded. Armour earthing is done at the site which is good for the system safety.



KSEB has recommended for separate copper rod earthing to the land which could have been eliminated by the use of 4 or 5 core cable, dedicating one of the core for earthing.

Lightning Arrester

Since the floating PV installation is in an open area (dam) there are chances for lightning strikes. “Lightning rods” are static discharge devices that are placed above buildings and solar-electric arrays, and connected to ground. They are meant to prevent the build-up of static charge and eventual ionization of the surrounding atmosphere. They can help prevent a strike, and can provide a path for very high current to ground if a strike does occur. So it is advisable to install lightning arresters over the transformer room and north side of the installation.



Operating Temperature

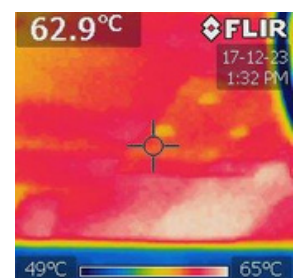
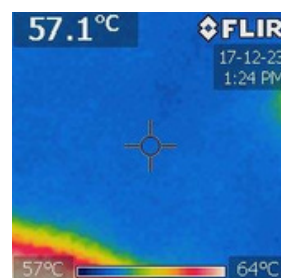
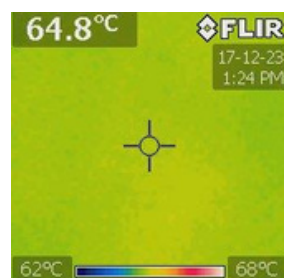
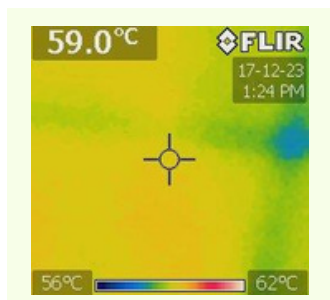
The PV Array is placed over two areas as mentioned below

1. Ferro-cement Platform
2. Water Body

Ferro-cement Platform



Water Body



During development stage of the project, it was expected that floating solar panels generate higher output due to lower ambient temperature existing on the surface of the water body, but on contrary there wasn't much difference in the temperature between PV array over water body and Ferro-cement platform.

The total energy radiated from a body is directly proportional to the surface area of the body according to Stefan-Boltzmann law. Even though the panel is placed over the water body, there is Ferro-cement platform surface in depth and in length adjacent to the water body. The radiation from this surface almost nullifies the cooling effect caused by the water body. That is why temperature difference is minimal between the panels placed above

water body and that above the Ferro-cement platform. The high operating temperature will decrease the annual energy yield as the crystalline panels have high temperature coefficient. Providing additional fibre like material puffing may reduce the heat radiations from the Ferro-cement platform.

Installation

The cable routing and terminations are fine and neat at the site. Cable protection is provided by means of PVC conduit and flexible corrugated conduit hose.



The roofing for the inverter will protect it from direct rain and sunlight. The AC combiner box is well designed and neatly installed. A current transformer (CT) is provided for earth leakage detection which will increase the safety of the entire system.



The structure mountings are good and the PV panels are arranged neatly above the structure. The provision for keeping the armoured cable is a future proof design, considering the seasonal water level changes.

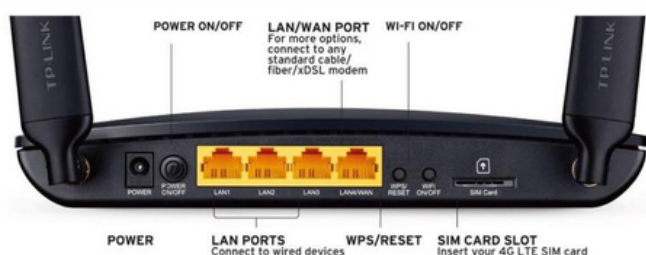
Online Remote Monitoring

The online monitoring provides real-time analytics which maximises the solar plant yield.

Presently, online remote monitoring system is contracted to Machine Pulse. But the risk in third party tie-up is that we have to rely on them for information as the data are being sent to their cloud.

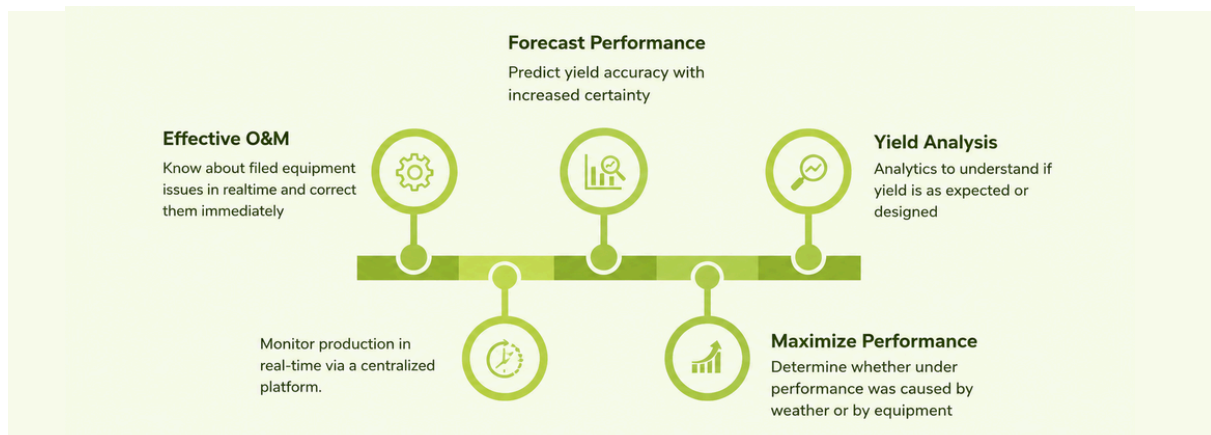


Whereas depending on the manufacturer communication system will ensure reliability. ABB do have online remote monitoring facility but there is need for LAN connection for data transfer for the same. Since it is a floating installation there is difficulty in getting a wired LAN connection to the installation. This difficulty can be overcome by the usage of modem with the provision for sim card insertion. "Archer MR200" from TP-LINK is an option.



Suggestions

- To setup a proper performance evaluation system
- To establish preventive and reactive maintenance procedures based on regular performance evaluation
- To setup hotline (24/7) technical support facility for the onsite team.
- To carry out regular trainings and troubleshooting workshops for the onsite team.
- To carry out periodic system health check-ups
 - Solar panel : Solar panel deterioration, hotspots, micro-cracks, EV backsheath degradation, PID degradation etc
 - Inverter : Efficiency testing of inverter, leakage current detection analysis etc



Executive Summary

Sl.No	Observations	Remarks
1	PV Array Stringing	The string voltage less than the start voltage which is set to change by changing the stringing
2	Upkeep and Maintenance	Provision for frequent cleaning is required for ensuring maximum energy yield.
3	Earthing	Need for separate copper rod earthing to the land which could have been eliminated by the use of 4 or 5 core cable, dedicating one of the core for earthing.
4	Lightning Arrester	Install lightning arresters over the transformer room and north side of the installation
5	Operating Temperature	There is not much difference in the temperature between PV array over water body and Ferro-cement platform
6	Installation	Cable routing, termination and protection is ok at the site. The roofing for the inverter will protect it from direct rain and sunlight. The AC combiner box is well designed and neatly installed. Current transformer (CT) provided for earth leakage detection will increase the safety of the entire system. The structure and the PV panels are arrangement is fine. The provision for keeping the armoured cable is a future proof design. To setup a proper performance evaluation system
7	Online Remote Monitoring	To establish preventive and reactive maintenance procedures based on regular performance evaluation To setup hotline (24/7) technical support facility for the onsite team. To carryout regular trainings and troubleshooting workshops for the onsite team. To carryout periodic system health check-ups

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